

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The claims in this listing will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A production method for producing a light-emitting device in which a light-emitting layer at least including an n-type semiconductor layer and a p-type semiconductor layer is layered on a transparent crystal substrate, comprising:

applying a silicon organic solution to at least a part of the transparent crystal substrate or the light-emitting layer to form a transfer layer on at least a part of the transparent crystal substrate or the light-emitting layer wherein said transfer layer is 1 to 2 μ m;

softening or setting said transfer layer upon supplying an energy thereto;

pressing a mold formed with a minute unevenness structure against the transfer layer to transfer the minute unevenness structure to an outer surface of the transfer layer under a pressure of 5 MPa or higher and 150 MPa or lower wherein a pitch is 1 to 3 μ m,

wherein the mold has an upper flat portion located near a bottom of the minute unevenness structure to be transferred and a lower flat portion located at a position about a thickness of an upper semiconductor layer of the light-emitting layer, the upper flat portion and [[a]] the lower flat portion [[is]] are transferred together with the minute unevenness structure to the transfer layer; and forming electrode-forming portions by etching the upper and lower semiconductor layers of the light-emitting layer when dry etching is carried out using the transfer layer as a resist mask; and

dry etching the transfer layer with a chlorine gas using the transfer layer as a resist mask to form a minute unevenness structure for preventing multiple reflection in the transparent crystal substrate or the light-emitting layer.

2. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein forming the minute unevenness structure in the light-emitting layer includes separating the transparent crystal substrate from the light-emitting layer after a substrate bearing layer is formed on a surface of the light-emitting layer where electrodes are to be formed.

3. (Canceled)

4. (Canceled)

5. (Currently Amended) A production method according to claim ~~[[1]]~~ 2, wherein the etching comprises adjusting a selection ratio of the etching speed of the light-emitting layer to that of the resist from twofold to fourfold.

6. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 5, wherein applying the silicon organic solvent to form the transfer layer comprises applying the silicon organic solvent by potting or spray coating.

7. (Canceled)

8. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 6, comprising forming an unevenness structure larger than the minute unevenness structure on the minute unevenness structure of the light-emitting layer after forming the minute unevenness structure for preventing the multiple reflection in the light-emitting layer.

9. (Original) A production method according to claim 8, wherein the unevenness structure has the shape of a prism or microlens.

10. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein the etching comprises adjusting a selection ratio of the etching speed of the light-emitting layer to that of the resist from twofold to fourfold.

11. (Canceled)

12. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 1, comprising forming an unevenness structure larger than the minute unevenness structure on the minute unevenness structure of the light-emitting layer after forming the minute unevenness structure for preventing the multiple reflection in the light-emitting layer.

13. (Canceled)

14. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein applying the silicon organic solvent to form the transfer layer comprises applying the silicon organic solvent by potting or spray coating.

15. (Previously presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein the silicon organic solvent comprises:

an alcohol, an ester, a ketone or a mixture of two or more of an alcohol, an ester, and a ketone, and

a silicon alkoxide component, $R_n\text{Si}(\text{OH})_{4-n}$, where R is H or alky group, and n is an integer of 0 to 3.

16. (Previously presented) A production method according to claim 15, wherein the silicon organic solvent contains TEOS or TMOS.

17. (Previously presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein the silicon organic solution is applied at a thickness of 2 μm or greater.

18. (Previously presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein the method further comprises post-baking the transfer layer at or below 120°C after the minute unevenness structure is transferred to the transfer layer.